...Part II: Slopes and Intercepts of Straight Lines

Find the slope of the line containing the points: 1. $P1(3, 1) \& P2(1, 3)$ $m = (y_2-y_1/x_2-x_1)$ m = (3-1)/(1-3) m = 2/-2 m = -1	Find the slope of the line containing the points: 2. P1(-1, 4) & P2(2, 5) $m = (y_2-y_1/x_2-x_1)$ m = (5-4)/(2+1) m = 1/3	Find the slope of the line containing the points: 3. P1(-3, 1) & P2(-4, 5) $m = (y_2-y_1/x_2-x_1)$ m = (5-1)/(-4+3) m = 4/-1 m = -4
Find the slope of the line containing the points: 4. P1(0, 3) & P2(4, 0) $m = (y_2-y_1/x_2-x_1)$ m = (0-3)/(4-0) m = -3/4	Find the slope of the line containing the points: 5. $P1(2, 4) \& P2(2, -2)$ $m = (y_2-y_1/x_2-x_1)$ m = (-2-4)/(2-2) m = -6/0 m = undefined	Find the slope of the line containing the points: 6. P1(2, 5) & P2(-3, -2) $m = (y_2-y_1/x_2-x_1)$ m = (-2-5)/(-3-2) m = -7/-5 m = 7/5
Find the slope of the line containing the points: 7. $P1(2, 3) \& P2(-1, 3)$ $m = (y_2-y_1/x_2-x_1)$ m = (3-3)/(-1-2) m = 0/-3 m = 0	Find the slope of the line containing the points: 8. P1(0, 4) & P2(-2, 5) $m = (y_2-y_1/x_2-x_1)$ m = (5-4)/(-2-0) m = 1/-2 m = -1/2	Find the slope of the line containing the points: 9. P1(-3, 4) & P2(-2, 1) $m = (y_2-y_1/x_2-x_1)$ m = (1-4)/(-2+3) m = -3/1 m = 3





